English Language Learners and a Home-grown STEM Workforce: Teacher Education, Effective Instruction, and Student Learning

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Preparing Teachers Of STEM For ELLs: The Challenge of “Best Practices”

Variations to consider:

- Pre-service teacher preparation vs. in-service teacher professional development
- Longstanding ELL populations vs. large numbers of newcomers
- Elementary vs. secondary education
- Policy context regarding ELL placement and linguistic and cultural support

One size doesn’t fit all – but there are still some useful recommendations.
Focus On Robust STEM Inquiry

In teacher education:
- Multiple inquiry models, not one “scientific method”
- Inquiry as more than hands-on
- Inquiry using actual standards/curriculum

As instructional strategies:
- Integration of inquiry goals and content goals
- Frequent connections to real-world life and work skills and to on-going academics

To support ELLs’ learning:
- Inquiry used to support ongoing, interdisciplinary academic engagement
- Inquiry that supports multimodal communication skills
Focus on Academic Language Development

**In teacher education:**
- Increased focus on content area language (all 6 language arts)
- Theory and practice of 1st and 2nd language acquisition for all content area teachers

**As instructional strategies:**
- Explicit language goals as part of all STEM lessons
- Focus on academic vocabulary – increased emphasis on type 2 vocabulary
- Focus on academic language of STEM – characteristics such as abstract, depersonalized, and dense language

**To support ELLs’ learning:**
- Availability of multilingual resources
- Wide range of techniques to assess communication skills and academic learning
Focus On Coordinating Multiple Resources

In teacher education:
- STEM education as a team effort – strategies for partnership building
- Connection of pre-service and in-service teacher education

As instructional strategies:
- Explicit focus on opportunities in the STEM workforce – school-college and school-business partnerships
- Community and family funds of knowledge – school-community partnerships

To support ELLs’ learning:
- Teachers engage with students beyond the STEM class period
- Students work on extended projects for authentic purposes and audiences
How best to support a home-grown STEM workforce that includes ELLs?

- Focus on robust science inquiry, academic language development, and coordination of multiple resources
- All of these help teachers focus on how students think and learn
- All of these help students see the value of STEM learning and careers
- All of these help link teacher education, effective instructional practices, and student learning

Take Home Message